Society of Actuaries Mortality Research: Implications for Insurers and Pensions

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Longevity 13
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Transition from Research to Application

- Actuarial Mortality / Longevity Research
 - Population Studies
 - Specific Subpopulation Analysis
 - Insured Life Studies: Individual Life Insurance, Individual Annuities
- Table / Scale / Model Creation
- Industry & Regulator Review
- Adoption & Application
- Industry Use / Opportunity



Society of Actuaries Population Mortality Research

- Increased focus on mortality and longevity analysis
 - Human Mortality Database project sponsorship
 - Internal research focus on CDC databases
 - Coordination with US Social Security Administration on population mortality updates
- Strategic Research Program Initiative
 - Board level initiative to increase further focus on key actuarial research program



https://www.soa.org/research-reports/2017/2017-hmd-cause-of-death/





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Research

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Expanding the Human Mortality Database to include Cause-of-Death Information

February 2017

The Human Mortality Database is a unique open-access collection of detailed mortality and population data for 38 countries with complete and reliable vital registration and census data. The HMD currently covers the United States, almost all of Europe, including countries of the former U.S.S.R., Japan, Australia and other mostly high-income countries with rapidly aging populations. The Human Mortality Database (HMD) contains calculations of death rates and life tables for national populations (countries or areas), as well as the original input data used to construct these tables and an extensive documentation. This report overviews the development and completion of the HMD data series down to a cause of death level for an initial set of eight populations: Canada, Czech Republic, England and Wales, France, Japan, Norway, Sweden, and the United States.



https://www.soa.org/research-reports/2017/2017-hmd-cause-of-death/

Figure 5.

EXTRACT (FIRST 42 LINES) OF THE UNITED STATES HMD CAUSE-OF-DEATH SERIES

The United States of America, Deaths by HMD Cause-of-Death (5x5) 91 HMD causes Last modified: Wed Sep 21 13:24:19 2016 COD.cat COD.Frac.F COD. Frac.M COD. Frac. T Deaths.F Deaths.M Deaths.T Rates.F 1959 01 0.000355 0.000512 0.000445 17 33.04 50.04 0.8429 1.5829 1.2192 1959 0.000188 0.000186 0.000187 12.02 21.02 0.4462 0.5759 0.5121 0.028146 0.025601 0.026685 1348.27 1652.96 3001.22 66.8339 79.1966 1959 73.1204 1959 0.001754 0.001363 0.00153 84.02 88.02 172.03 4.1647 4.1914 1959 0.001927 0.001755 0.001828 92.31 113.32 205.63 4.5759 5.4292 5.0098 187.04 238.29 1959 0.003905 0.003691 0.003782 425.33 9.2715 11.4169 10.3624 1959 0.000167 0.000263 0.000222 8.02 17 25.02 0.3975 0.8147 0.6096 1959 0 0 0 367.07 1959 0.007496 0.005685 0.006456 359.07 17,7992 17.5872 1959 0.000021 0.000031 0.000027 10 0.0496 0.0959 0.0731

 Session later today on using COD information to decompose attribution of changing life expectancies and other population statistics



• https://www.soa.org/research-reports/2017/2017-us-pop-mort-age-cod-region/



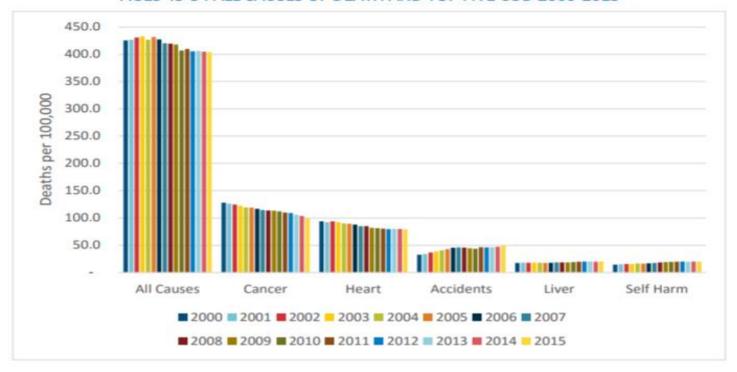
US Population Mortality Rate Study - Variation by Age Group, Cause of Death and Region from 2000-2015

May 2017

This report covers US regional population mortality experience during the period 2000-2015. The Society of Actuaries pursued the research as part its ongoing longevity and mortality research initiatives. The purpose of the research is to produce an overview of the differences and similarities in mortality by age group, time, cause of death and region (geographic and urban-rural) to better aid in the understanding of future expected mortality rates and the management of public programs and policy.



Figure 2
AGES 45-54 ALL CAUSES OF DEATH AND TOP FIVE COD 2000-2015



Deaths per 100,000		Total	Avg Annual
2000	2015	Change	Improvement*
425.6	404.0	-5.1%	0.3%
127.5	99.7	-21.8%	1.6%
94.2	79.3	-15.8%	1.1%
32.6	49.8	52.8%	-2.9%
17.7	20.5	16.3%	-1.0%
14.4	20.3	40.4%	-2.3%
	2000 425.6 127.5 94.2 32.6 17.7	2000 2015 425.6 404.0 127.5 99.7 94.2 79.3 32.6 49.8 17.7 20.5	2000 2015 Change 425.6 404.0 -5.1% 127.5 99.7 -21.8% 94.2 79.3 -15.8% 32.6 49.8 52.8% 17.7 20.5 16.3%

^{*}Annual improvement is the geometric average rate of change between 2000 and 2015.



• https://www.soa.org/research-reports/2017/us-historical-population-2000-2015/





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U.S. Historical Population Mortality Rates 2000-2015

July 2017

The Society of Actuaries (SOA) is pleased to present historical U.S. population mortality rates by gender and single year of age for calendar years 2000-2015. To develop these rates, the SOA relied upon data furnished by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, and the Social Security Administration. A document summarizing key observations and the process used to develop the rates, along with a table of the rates themselves, can be found below.



• https://www.soa.org/research-reports/2017/us-historical-population-2000-2015/

Male Mortality Improvement - Broad Age Groups					
Age Band	2012 -> 2013	2013 -> 2014	2014 -> 2015		
20-to-44	-0.1%	-1.7%	-6.3%		
45-to-64	-0.4%	-0.3%	-0.4%		
65-to-84	0.3%	0.8%	-0.1%		
85-to-100	0.1%	1.8%	-1.1%		
All Ages	0.0%	0.6%	-0.9%		

Male Mortality Improvement - Under/Over 65					
Age Band	2012 -> 2013	2013 -> 2014	2014 -> 2015		
Under 65	-0.4%	-0.6%	-1.7%		
65 and Over	0.2%	1.2%	-0.5%		
All Ages	0.0%	0.6%	-0.9%		



Read / Listen / Watch

Podcast



https://player.fm/series/society-of-actuaries-podcasts-feed

Search "Society of Actuaries" on iTunes



- The road to proposed Internal Revenue Service mortality tables
- RP-2014 Mortality Tables released Oct 2014
 - Aggregate; Income Quartiles; Collars
 - 10 Million+ life years of exposure
 - 2006 central study year
- MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale / Model
 - Attained Age / Calendar Year / Gender model developed from US Population mortality 2006 central study year



- Dec 2016: Proposed new tables for Jan 2018
- RP-2014 back to central year of study; brought forward with observed mortality improvement
- Minimum funding
- PBGC variable premiums
- Lump Sum distributions
- Credibility calculations to use plan-specific mortality



- Current questions surrounding final regulations and applicable date
 - "Economically significant" discussion
- "...change is likely to increase (traditional or annuity-formula based) plan liabilities for funding requirements and Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC) premium calculations by 2% to 5%."
- https://www.towerswatson.com/en/Insights/Newsletters/A mericas/Insider/2017/02/irs-proposes-regulations-forpension-mortality-tables



- Pension Risk Transfer opportunities continuing with strong consideration in US market
- Corporate analysis of contribution strategy in light of PBGC premiums, current tax environment, future tax reform
 - Limitation of Interest Expense Deduction (?)
 - Overseas earnings
 - Lower Corporate Tax Rate
 - Prudential:
 - http://conferences.pionline.com/uploads/conference admin/PRTALRE9 Accelerate Pension Funding and De-risking Ahead of Tax Reform.pdf



- Updated Private Plan study underway potential exposure 2019
- "Mortality Table (Transition) Risk"
- GAAP Financials vs. Regulatory Funding
- Public Plan study underway likely exposure 2018
 - Multi-variate analysis to select distinguishing variables
 - Age / Gender
 - Occupation / Income / Geography



- Individual Life Insurance Mortality
- US Statutory valuation transition to principles-based reserves in 2017 – 2019
- All companies under new valuation law starting
 1/1/2020



 https://www.soa.org/Files/Research/Exp-Study/research-2017-cso-report.pdf





Report on the 2017 CSO and 2017 CSO Preferred Structure Table Development

Joint American Academy of Actuaries' Life Experience Committee and Society of Actuaries Preferred Mortality Oversight Group CSO Development Subgroup

October 2015



http://www.circ.gov.cn/web/site0/tab5216/info405 4990.htm



中国保险监督管理委员会

China Insurance Regulatory Commission

依法公正 为民监管

首页 保监会简介 发布与解读 工作动态 行政许可 行政处罚 派出机构 消费者保护 互动交流 办事服务 政策法规

您现在的位置:首页 > 工作动态 > 公告通知 > 通知

中国保监会关于发布《中国人身保险业经验生命表(2010-2013)》的通知

发布时间: 2016-12-28



【字体: 大中小】

保监发〔2016〕107号

各人身保险公司:

现发布《中国人身保险业经验生命表(2010-2013)》,并将有关事项通知如下:

中国第三张人身保险业经验生命表命名为《中国人身保险业经验生命表(2010-2013)》,英文名称为 "China Life Insurance Mortality Table (2010-2013)",简称: CL (2010-2013)。其中: 非养老类业务一表两张,非养 老类业务二表两张, 养老类业务表两张, 分别是:

1. CL1 (2010-2013): 非养老类业务一表(男):

周排行 | 月排行 阅读排行

- 📭 保险业服务实体经济工作取...
- 🔼 保监会弥补监管短板 构建严...
- 中国保监会发布实施偿工代...
- 😃 保险市场乱象整治工作取得...
- 保险行业风险防控工作取得...
- 黄洪副主席在2017金融街论...
- 第十一届保险公司董秘联席...
- 中国保监会召开党委中心组...
- 中国保监会和国务院扶贫办...
- ➡ 中国保监会印发《关于加强...

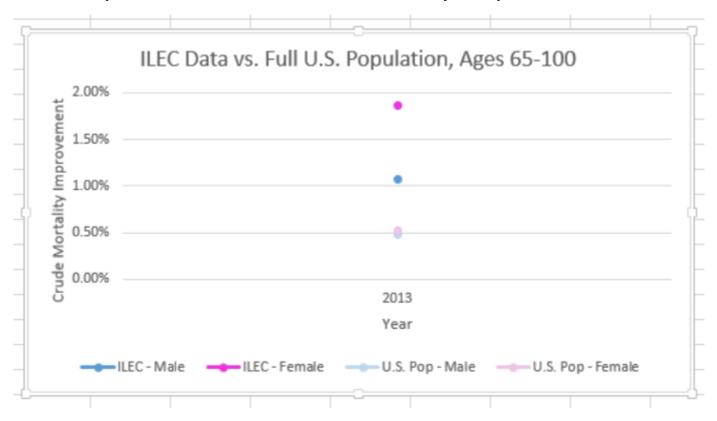
- "The times they are a-changing..." Bob Dylan
- Additional individual life studies
 - Pre-need Mortality
 - Simplified Issue Mortality
 - Guaranteed Issue Mortality
 - Estimation of Automated / Accelerated Underwriting Mortality
 - https://www.soa.org/research/topics/indiv-mort-exp-studylist/
 - https://www.soa.org/research-reports/2015/research-csoimpact-study/



- Potential evolution of population mortality analysis to individual life insurance
- What is improvement rates for individually insured lives? Different that general US population
- Demographics: Income level, education level, geography
- Items to consider --- multiple coverages for one insured; select vs ultimate mortality



• Draft example: 2012 – 2013 Mortality Improvement





Final thoughts: SOA Research to bring research into practical application

- Increasing use of mortality data in multiple ways
 - Actual / Expected Analysis
 - Table development
 - Mortality Improvement Trends
- Predictive analytics focus on data
- Data set flat files for research use

